



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/693,128	10/20/2000	lan Lleweilyn	476-1949	7833	
75	590 07/12/2004		EXAM	NER	
William M Le	William M Lee Jr			NGUYEN, DAVID Q	
Lee Mann Smit	h McWilliams				
Sweeney & Ohlson			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
P O Box 2786	P O Box 2786			C,	
Chicago, IL 6	Chicago, IL 60690-2786			8	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Advisory Action	09/693,128	LLEWELLYN ET AL.			
	Examiner	Art Unit			
•.	David Q Nguyen	2681			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address -			
THE REPLY FILED 28 June 2004 FAILS TO PLACE TH Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this application) a timely filed amendment which	ation. A proper reply to a			
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]				
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing					
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the control of	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THe date on which the petition under 37 CFI of extension and the corresponding amo the shortened statutory period for reply ce later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension unt of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or			
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF					
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:				
(a) ☐ they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);					
(b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);					
(c) ☐ they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	•	rially reducing or simplifying the			
(d) they present additional claims without cancelling NOTE:	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claims.			
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	ion(s):				
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed amendment			
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: See	reconsideration has been consideration Sheet.	dered but does NOT place the			
The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.					
	For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:					
Claim(s) allowed: <i>None</i> .					
Claim(s) objected to: None.					
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-3 and 5-13</u> .					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) appr	oved or b) disapproved by the	ne Examiner.			
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)					
10. Other:					

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Examiner reconsiders the Response to final office action mailed April 28, 2004 filed June 28, 2004. However, all the

reference used to reject claims of the application are still stand because they meet all of the limitations recited in the claims.

Advisory Action/Response to Arguments.

Applicant's arguments filed 06/28/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive In response to Applicant's Remark on page 3, Applicants argue: "It is therefore clear that the system Chu does not and cannot have "a common modulated radio frequency carrier signal used in both the distribution network and over a said wireless connection." Examiner respectfully disagrees because the system of Chu operates at different frequencies for different applications (for example, 900 MHz or 2.45 GHz for wireless devices; 18 GHz for WLAN products) (see col. 4, lines 54-65). The Chu's reference mentions that repeaters 100-103 may use the 900 Mhz, 2.45 GHz or higher frequency bands for communications with wireless end user devices 50-53, which means that the user devices 50-53 communicate with the network using frequency 900 MHz or 2.45 Ghz. As we know that in the wireless mobile telecommunication, mobile devices communciates with the network using frequency 900 MHz or PCS band (1900 MHz). It is apparent that the system Chu does have "a common modulated radio frequency carrier signal used in both the distribution network and over a said wireless connection, which means that the common modulated radio frequnecy carrier signal may be 900 MHz or 2.45 Ghz. In response to applicant's argument on page 5 that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., Without this translation in frequency the system of Chu would not operate at 38 GHz, so the frequency translation is essential even now for the system to work and this would have even more necessary back in 1995 when the system of Chu was developed) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). In response to Applicant's Remark on page 5, Applicants argue: "Rypinski additionally does not disclsoe use of a common modulated frequency carrier signal in both the distribution network and over a said wirless connection to communicate said data between a said subscriber equipment and the base station"

Examiner respectfully disagrees because the system of Rypinski does discloses use of a common modulated frequency carrier signal in both the distribution network and over a said wirless connection to communicate said data between a said subscriber equipment and the base station (see abstract and fig. 1 and fig. 4)

In response to Applicant's Remark on page 6, Applicants argue: "Knop does not describe a wireless communciation system and does not teach any of the features of claim 1."

Examiner respectfully disagrees because Knop describes a signal pathway is a coaxial cable used in a wireless network (see col. 5, lines 1-10). The system of Chu in view of Knop clearly teaches a wireless communication system and dose teach any of the features of claim

pologod.